# LOUISIANA CORPORATE CREDIT UNION

**FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 

**DECEMBER 31, 2014 AND 2013** 



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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Supervisory Committee Louisiana Corporate Credit Union Metairie, Louisiana

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Louisiana Corporate Credit Union (the "Credit Union"), which comprise the Statements of Financial Condition as of December 31, 2014 and 2013, and the related Statements of Comprehensive Income, Changes in Members' Equity, and Cash Flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Credit Union's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Credit Union's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### **Opinion**

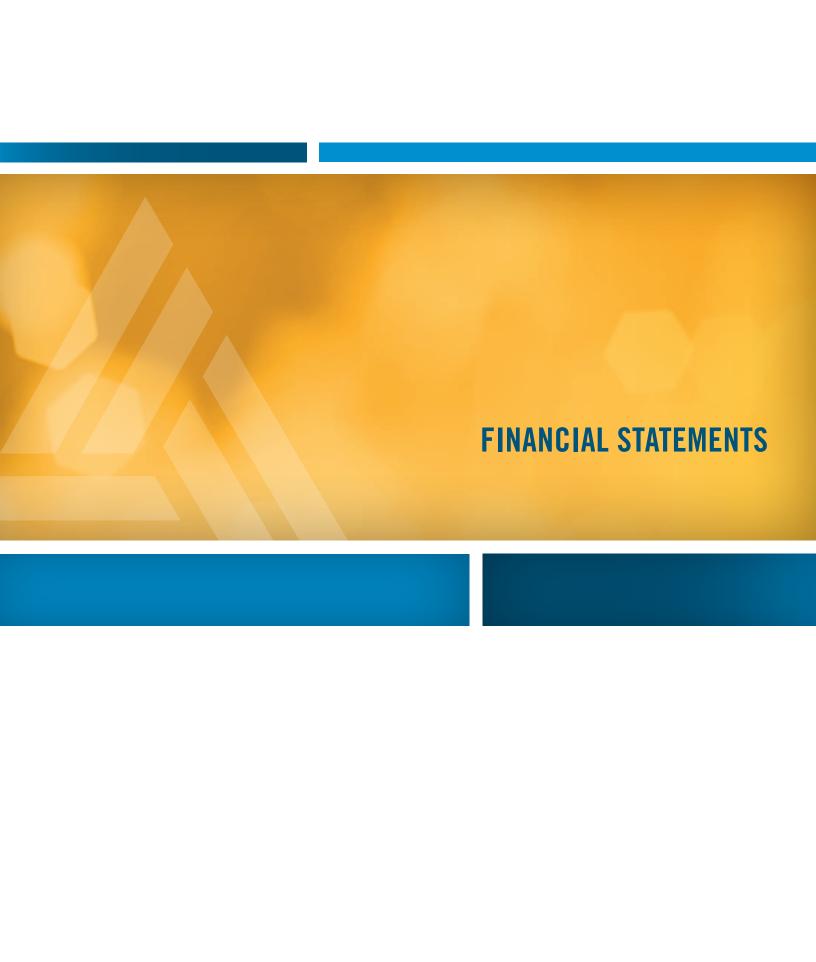
In our opinion, the financial statements referred to in the first paragraph present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Credit Union as of December 31, 2014 and 2013, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matter**

We also have audited, in accordance with the Credit Union's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2014, based on criteria established in 2013 *Internal Control-Integrated Framework Issues* by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO) and our report dated May 28, 2015 expressed an unmodified opinion.

Carr. Riggs & Ingram, LLC

May 28, 2015



# **Louisiana Corporate Credit Union Statements of Financial Condition**

December 31,		2014		2013
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents				
Cash and due from banks	\$	28,588,577	\$	12,629,930
Interest bearing deposits	•	9,071	*	9,171
Total cash and cash equivalents		28,597,648		12,639,101
Lorentzia de la constitución de la fermada		101 660 020		444 020 042
Investment securities available for sale		101,668,939		111,929,942
Other securities, at cost		1,159,300		1,204,300
Loans to members		1,012,609		940,910
Accrued interest receivable		80,892		155,580
Premises and equipment, net		35,156		39,958
Investment in Credit Union Service Organizations		610,836		491,848
Prepaid expenses and other assets		252,225		305,312
NCUSIF deposit		244,322		266,965
Total assets	\$	133,661,927	\$	127 072 016
Total assets	<u>ې</u>	133,001,927	<u>ې</u>	127,973,916
Liabilities and Members' equity				
Members' shares and share equivalents	\$	100,497,979	\$	101,227,070
Borrowed funds		27,000,000		21,000,000
Accrued interest payable		12,017		13,499
Accounts payable and other liabilities		56,659		44,237
				,
Total liabilities		127,566,655		122,284,806
	_			
Members' equity, substantially restricted				
Perpetual contributed capital		7,128,821		7,119,452
Undivided earnings		1,128,019		1,072,127
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(2,161,568)		(2,502,469)
Total members' equity		6,095,272		5,689,110
Total liabilities and members' equity	ć	122 661 027	ċ	127 072 016
Total habilities and members equity	\$	133,661,927	\$	127,973,916

# **Louisiana Corporate Credit Union Statements of Comprehensive Income**

Years ended December 31,	2014	2013
Interest income		
Investments	\$ 733,937	\$ 1,012,430
Loans to members	5,688	4,496
Total interest income	739,625	1,016,926
Interest expense		
Members' shares and share equivalents	127,270	171,199
Borrowed funds	13,801	6,709
Total interest expense	141,071	177,908
Net interest income	598,554	839,018
Non-interest income		
Service fees	779,930	662,578
Miscellaneous	93,851	15,823
Settlement of lawsuit	-	575,577
(Loss) gain on sale of securities available for sale	(1,898)	39,230
Total non-interest income	871,883	1,293,208
Non-interest expense		
Professional and outside services	657,942	605,300
Compensation and benefits	581,141	685,569
Office operations and occupancy	112,436	115,192
Administrative expenses	43,025	61,486
Other-than-temporary impairment of securities	3,424	51,294
NCUSIF stabilization expense	-	13,086
Total non-interest expense	1,397,968	1,531,927
Net income	72,469	600,299
Other comprehensive (loss) income:		 
Loss (gain) on sale of securities available for sale	1,898	(39,230)
Other-than-temporary impairment of securities	3,424	51,294
Net change in unrealized losses on securities		
available for sale	335,579	(432,455)
Total other comprehensive income (loss)	 340,901	 (420,391)
Total comprehensive income	\$ 413,370	\$ 179,908

# Louisiana Corporate Credit Union Statements of Changes in Members' Equity

	Perpetual		Α	ccumulated Other	
	Contributed	Undivided	Co	mprehensive	
	Capital	Earnings		Loss	Total
Balance at January 1, 2013	\$ 7,112,427	\$ 498,937	\$	(2,082,078) \$	5,529,286
Perpetual contributed capital issued	7,025	-		-	7,025
Dividends paid on perpetual contributed capital	-	(27,109)		-	(27,109)
Total comprehensive income (loss)	-	600,299		(420,391)	179,908
Balance at December 31, 2013	7,119,452	1,072,127		(2,502,469)	5,689,110
Perpetual contributed capital issued	9,369	-		-	9,369
Dividends paid on perpetual contributed capital	-	(16,577)		-	(16,577)
Total comprehensive income	-	72,469		340,901	413,370
Balance at December 31, 2014	\$ 7,128,821	\$ 1,128,019	\$	(2,161,568) \$	6,095,272

# Louisiana Corporate Credit Union Statements of Cash Flows

Years ended December 31,		2014		2013
Cash Flows from Operating Activities				
Net income	\$	72,469	\$	600,299
Adjustments to reconcile net income to cash and cash	7	72,403	Y	000,233
equivalents provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization		14,678		13,663
Amortization of securities, net		145,514		(11,454)
Loss (gain) on sale of securities available for sale		1,898		(39,230)
Other-than-temporary impairment of securities		3,424		51,294
Net changes in operating assets and liabilities:		3,424		31,234
Decrease (increase) in accrued interest receivable		74,688		(92,366)
Decrease in prepaid expenses and other assets		53,087		41,127
Decrease in accrued interest payable		(1,482)		(558)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(1,462)		(336)
and other liabilities		12,422		(30,317)
and other habilities		12,422		(30,317)
Net cash provided by operating activities		376,698		532,458
Cash Flows from Investing Activities				
Purchase of investment securities, available for sale	(:	L1,585,626)	(	59,557,322)
Proceeds from calls, maturities, and pay-downs of securities,	•		•	, , ,
available for sale	:	17,833,580		19,790,212
Proceeds from sale of securities, available for sale		4,203,114		56,417,215
Purchase of other securities, at cost		-		(550,400)
Proceeds from sale of other securities, at cost		45,000		-
Loans to members, net of principal collections		(71,699)		(896,054)
Purchase of premises and equipment		(9,876)		(43,267)
(Increase) decrease in Investment in		(5,515)		(12)=01)
Credit Union Service Organization		(118,988)		37,074
Decrease in NCUSIF deposit		22,643		7,353
·		<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Net cash provided by investing activities	:	10,318,148		15,204,811
				Continued

# Louisiana Corporate Credit Union Statements of Cash Flows (Continued)

Years ended December 31,	2014	2013
Cash Flows from Financing Activities		
Cash Flows from Financing Activities	(720,004)	(22.000.040)
Net decrease in members' shares and share equivalents	(729,091)	(32,869,940)
Perpetual contributed capital issued	9,369	7,025
Dividends paid on perpetual contributed capital	(16,577)	(27,109)
Increase in borrowed funds	6,000,000	21,000,000
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	5,263,701	(11,890,024)
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	15,958,547	3,847,245
recemerate in cash and cash Equivalents	13,330,347	3,047,243
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	12,639,101	8,791,856
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$ 28,597,648	\$ 12,639,101
	 	 ,,,,,,
Supplementary cash flow information		
Cash paid during the year for interest	\$ 142,553	\$ 178,466

#### **NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

#### Date of Management's Review of Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through May 28, 2015, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued.

#### **Nature of Business**

Louisiana Corporate Credit Union (the "Credit Union") is a cooperative association organized in accordance with the provisions of the Louisiana Credit Union Act for the purpose of serving corporate accounts through money management and creating a source of credit for its members who are principally state and federally chartered credit unions located in the United States. The Credit Union competes with other asset management and investment companies, including other corporate credit unions. The Credit Union is chartered by the State of Louisiana and regulated by the State as well as by the federal government through the National Credit Union Administration ("NCUA"), which also provides insurance on members' deposits.

#### Significant Groups of Concentrations and Credit Risk

The Credit Union may be exposed to credit risk from a regional economic standpoint because a significant concentration of its borrowers is located in Louisiana. The Credit Union continually monitors operations, including loan and investment portfolios, for potential impairment. However, the loan portfolio is well diversified and the Credit Union does not have any significant concentrations of credit risk.

#### **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States (GAAP) requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Specifically, management has made estimates based on the amount of uncollectible loan receivables, assumptions for fair value of financial instruments, and the

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Use of Estimates (continued)**

assessment of other than temporary impairment on investments. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of financial statement classification, the Credit Union considers all highly liquid debt instruments purchased with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

#### **Investment Securities**

The Credit Union's investments in securities are classified and accounted for as follows:

Held-to-Maturity: Government and government agency, and corporate bonds, notes, and certificates which the Credit Union has the positive intent and ability to hold to maturity are reported at cost, adjusted for amortization of premiums and accretion of discounts which are recognized in interest income using the interest method over the period to maturity.

Available-for-Sale: Government and government agency, and corporate bonds, notes, and certificates are classified as available-for-sale when the Credit Union anticipates that the securities could be sold in response to rate changes, prepayment risk, liquidity, availability of and the yield on alternative investments and other market and economic factors. These securities are reported at fair value.

Unrealized gains and losses on securities available-for-sale are recognized as direct increases or decreases in other comprehensive income. Purchase premiums and discounts are recognized in interest income using the interest method over the terms of the securities. Declines in fair value of held-to-maturity and available-for-sale securities that are deemed to be other than temporary are reflected in earnings as realized losses. In estimating other-than-temporary impairment (OTTI) losses, management considers the length of time and the extent to which the fair value has been less than cost, the financial condition and near-term prospects of the issuer, and the intent and ability of the Credit Union to retain its investment in the issuer for a period of time sufficient to allow for any anticipated recovery in fair value. Gains and losses on the sale of securities are recorded on the trade date and the costs of securities sold are determined using the specific identification method.

The Credit Union does not maintain a trading portfolio. Other investments are classified separately, stated at cost and subject to OTTI evaluation.

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Other Securities**

Restricted stock is stock from the Federal Home Loan Bank of Dallas (FHLB), which is restricted as to their marketability. Because no ready market exists for these investments and they have no quoted market value, the Company's investment in these stocks is carried at cost.

#### Loans

The Credit Union grants installment and demand loans to its members. Loans receivable are stated at unpaid principal balances. Interest on loans, which is recognized on the accrual basis, is calculated based on the principal balance using variable rates as stipulated in the loan agreements. The Credit Union evaluates each member's credit worthiness on a case-by-case basis.

#### **Allowance for Loan Losses**

The allowance for loan losses is based on management's evaluation of the collectability of the loans. The evaluation of management includes consideration of prior loan-loss experience, the results of internal review procedures, the current financial condition of the borrower, the quality of the collateral, and current economic condition affecting the inherent collection risks of the loan portfolio. The accrual of interest is discontinued when management believes that the collection of interest is doubtful. The Credit Union has not historically incurred loan losses. Management believes that no allowance for loan losses is necessary for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013 because the loans are generally short-term in nature and secured by member's deposits and other assets. The Credit Union does not grant unsecured loans. There were no losses or delinquent loans in 2014 or 2013.

#### **Premises and Equipment**

All premises and equipment are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is computed on the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets.

#### **Impairment of Long-Lived Assets**

Long-lived assets and certain identifiable intangible assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. Management reviews all material assets annually for possible impairment. If such assets are considered to be impaired, the impairment recognized is measured as the amount by which the carrying amount of the assets exceeds the estimated fair value of the assets.

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **NCUSIF Deposit**

The deposit in the National Credit Union Share Insurance Fund ("NCUSIF") is in accordance with NCUA regulations, which require the maintenance of a deposit by each insured credit union in an amount equal to one percent of its insured shares. The deposit would be refunded to the Credit Union if its insurance coverage is terminated, it converts to insurance coverage from another source, or the operations of the fund are transferred from the NCUA Board.

#### **NCUSIF Insurance Premiums**

The Credit Union is required to pay an annual insurance premium equal to a percent of its total insured shares as determined by the NCUA, unless the payment is waived or reduced by the NCUA Board.

#### Members' Shares and share equivalents

Members' shares are subordinated to all other liabilities of the Credit Union other than membership capital share deposits, member paid-in-capital deposits, perpetual contributed capital, and non-perpetual capital accounts upon liquidation. Interest on members' shares and share equivalents is based on available earnings at the end of an interest period and is not guaranteed by the Credit Union. Interest rates on members' share accounts are established by the Board of Directors, based on an evaluation of current and future market conditions.

#### Perpetual Contributed Capital

Perpetual Contributed Capital (PCC) represents the investment required for membership capital voting rights and membership by credit unions. Members of record with balances lower than the required amount due to a charge down of their Members' capital shares and or Paid-in-capital shares qualified for full membership by transferring their remaining amount of Members' capital shares to PCC. PCC is not negotiable or assignable but may be transferable to another eligible member credit union under certain provisions. PCC may not be pledged or used as security for borrowing. PCC dividends are determined based on net earnings and the overall capital needs of the Credit Union. Additionally, PCC dividends are not guaranteed and may be suspended if earnings are negative and/or capital levels fall below regulatory and/or policy minimum levels.

#### Membership Capital Accounts

MCAs have no maturity date, require a three year notice of withdrawal and constitute regulatory capital. In the event of the Credit Union's liquidation, MCA deposits are payable only after satisfaction of all liabilities of the Credit Union, including uninsured obligations to the members and the NCUSIF, as well as PCC and MCA issued after January 18, 2011, but excluding Paid-in-Capital ("PIC").

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Membership Capital Accounts (Continued)

In the event of the Credit Union's liquidation, PIC shares are payable only after the satisfaction of all liabilities of the Credit Union, including uninsured obligations to members, the NCUSIF, MCS deposits, as well as PCC and NCA deposits issued after January 18, 2011. Dividends on MCAs, PCC and non-refundable PIC are discretionary and are paid monthly by the Board of Directors.

#### Comprehensive Income (Loss)

Comprehensive income or loss consists of net income or loss and other comprehensive income or loss that includes unrealized gains and losses on securities available for sale.

#### **Income Taxes**

The Credit Union is exempt by statute from federal and state income taxes, except for certain products and services deemed by the IRS to be unrelated to the Credit Union's exempt purpose.

#### Off-Balance Sheet Credit Related Financial Instruments

In the ordinary course of business, the Credit Union has entered into commitments to extend credit. Such financial instruments are recorded when they are funded.

#### Fair Value Measurements

The Credit Union follows the guidance of FASB ASC 825, *Financial Instruments*, and FASB ASC 820, *Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures*. This guidance permits entities to measure many financial instruments and certain other items at fair value. The objective is to improve financial reporting by providing entities with the opportunity to mitigate volatility in reported earnings caused by measuring related assets and liabilities differently without having to apply complex hedge accounting provisions. This guidance clarifies that fair value is an exit price, representing the amount that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants. Under this guidance, fair value measurements are not adjusted for transaction costs. This guidance establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements).

#### **Advertising**

The Credit Union's policy is to expense advertising costs as incurred. Advertising expense was \$4,265 and \$20,752 for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications have been made to the 2013 financial statement presentation to correspond to the current year's format. Total members' equity and net income are unchanged due to these reclassifications.

#### **Recently Issued Accounting Standards**

In February 2013, the FASB issued ASU No. 2013-02, which updated ASC Topic 220, Comprehensive Income, which requires an entity to report the effect of significant reclassifications out of accumulated other comprehensive income on the respective line items in net income if the amount being reclassified is required under Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) to be reclassified in its entirety to net income. For other amounts that are not reclassified in their entirety to net income, an entity is required to cross-reference other disclosures required under GAAP that provide additional detail about those amounts. ASU No. 2013-02 is effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after December 15, 2013. Management does not anticipate the adoption of ASU No. 2013-02 will have a material impact on the Credit Union's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

#### **NOTE 2 - SECURITIES AVAILABLE FOR SALE**

The amortized cost and estimated fair value of securities available for sale are as follows:

		Gross	Gross	
	<b>Amortized</b>	Unrealized	Unrealized	Fair
	Cost	Gains	Losses	Value
December 31, 2014				
U.S. agency securities	\$ 65,896,820	29,946	\$ (610,606)	\$ 65,316,160
Mortgage backed securities	19,160,087	13,437	(261,311)	18,912,213
Corporate debt securities	13,773,600	1,000	(32,526)	13,742,074
Mutual funds	5,000,000	-	(1,301,508)	3,698,492
	\$ 103,830,507	\$ 44,383	\$ (2,205,951)	\$ 101,668,939
December 31, 2013				
December 31, 2013 U.S. agency securities	\$ 72,138,487	\$ 49,811	\$ (946,514)	\$ 71,241,784
•	\$ 72,138,487 19,725,037	\$ 49,811 3,391	\$ (946,514) (254,855)	\$ 71,241,784 19,473,573
U.S. agency securities	' ' '	. ,	. , , ,	
U.S. agency securities  Mortgage backed securities	19,725,037	3,391	(254,855)	19,473,573
U.S. agency securities  Mortgage backed securities  Corporate debt securities	19,725,037 17,568,887	3,391	(254,855) (55,065)	19,473,573 17,516,093

#### NOTE 2 - SECURITIES AVAILABLE FOR SALE (CONTINUED)

The amortized cost and estimated fair value of investment securities, at December 31, 2014, by contractual maturity, are shown below. Expected maturities will differ from contractual maturities because borrowers may have the right to call or prepay obligations with or without call or prepayment penalties.

	<b>Amortized</b>	<b>Estimated</b>
Amounts maturing in	Cost	Fair Value
Due in one year or less	\$ 5,000,000	\$ 5,010,649
Due after one year through five years	23,273,690	23,206,495
Due after five years through ten years	28,818,219	28,669,878
Due after ten years	41,738,598	41,083,425
	98,830,507	97,970,447
Mutual Funds	5,000,000	3,698,492
Total	\$103,830,507	\$101,668,939

Information pertaining to securities with gross unrealized losses at December 31, 2014 and 2013 aggregated by investment category and length of time that individual securities have been in a continuous loss position, follows:

	Less Than 2	12 Months	12 Months	or Greater	Tot	al
		Gross		Gross		Gross
		Unrealized		Unrealized		Unrealized
	Fair Value	Losses	Fair Value	Losses	Fair Value	Losses
December 31,						
2014						
U.S. agency						
securities	\$ 6,091,908	\$ 68,860	\$45,509,637	\$ 541,746	51,601,545	\$ 610,606
Mortgage						
backed						
securities	5,201,121	23,467	8,940,591	237,844	14,141,712	261,311
Corporate						
debt						
securities	6,193,862	18,039	7,432,843	14,487	13,626,705	32,526
Mutual fund			3,698,492	1,301,508	3,698,492	1,301,508
Total	\$17,486,891	\$ 110,366	\$65,581,563	\$ 2,095,585	\$83,068,454	\$2,205,951

NOTE 2 - SECURITIES AVAILABLE FOR SALE (CONTINUED)

	Less Than 2	12 Months	12 Months	or Greater	Tot	al
		Gross		Gross		Gross
		Unrealized		Unrealized		Unrealized
	Fair Value	Losses	Fair Value	Losses	Fair Value	Losses
December 31,						
2013						
U.S. agency						
securities	\$32,109,102	\$ 378,287	\$22,076,692	\$ 568,227	\$54,185,794	\$ 946,514
Mortgage						
backed						
securities	5,838,975	17,276	12,696,529	237,579	18,535,504	254,855
Corporate						
debt						
securities	14,707,274	42,196	270,738	12,869	14,978,012	55,065
Mutual fund	-	-	3,698,492	1,301,508	3,698,492	1,301,508
Total	\$52,655,351	\$ 437,759	\$38,742,451	\$ 2,120,183	\$91,397,802	\$2,557,942

Market changes in interest rates and market changes in credit spreads will cause normal fluctuations in the market price of securities and the possibility of temporary unrealized losses. The U.S government and federal agency securities in a loss position are considered to be government sponsored enterprise ("GSE") securities and are not considered to have other than temporary losses. The government agency mortgage backed securities in a loss position also have GSE backing and therefore are not considered to have credit risk nor is the loss considered to be other than temporary. Two (2) of the eight (8) corporate debt securities in a loss position are considered to be impaired and are discussed further below. The remaining corporate debt securities were purchased in the current year are considered to be in a loss position due to changing interest rates. The mutual fund is comprised of underlying GSE securities and cash and is not subject to other-than-temporary impairment analysis. Management obtains, from an independent third party, an analysis of the Credit Union's investments quarterly and the neither the third party nor management believe that the mutual fund losses are other-than-temporarily impaired. Unrealized losses in the Credit Union's investment portfolio are consistent with changes in market interest rates over the past year and are considered temporary.

At December 31, 2014 and 2013, the Credit Union held, in its available for sale investment portfolio, two (2) bond securities which were determined to have other-than-temporary impairment losses. In light of the significant decline in the market value of these securities and as it is unclear if the value of these securities will improve, the Credit Union recognized a \$1,898 and \$51,294, non-cash other-than-temporary charge on these investments as of December 31, 2014 and 2013.

#### **NOTE 3 - LOANS TO MEMBERS**

The composition of loans to members is as follows:

December 31,	2014	2013
Demand/line-of-credit loans receivable	\$ 1,012,609	\$ 940,910
Total loans to members	\$ 1,012,609	\$ 940,910

The loans receivable balance as of December 31, 2014 was made up of five (5) demand loans to member credit unions which were originated on December 31, 2014. These loans were considered short-term loans and were expected to be fully collectible within thirty (30) days. The loans receivable balance as of December 31, 2013 consisted of three (3) loans.

The Credit Union has not established an allowance for loan losses as all outstanding loans are secured either by a general or a specific pledge of the member credit unions' assets and there has been no historical loss.

There were no impaired loans as of December 31, 2014 or 2013. Additionally, none of the loans were past due or had been modified as troubled as of December 31, 2014 or 2013.

#### **NOTE 4 - PREMISES AND EQUIPMENT**

Premises and equipment, including construction in progress, is summarized as follows:

December 31,	2014	2013		
Furniture and equipment	\$ 176,585	\$ 280,060		
Leasehold improvements	8,039	8,039		
	184,624	288,099		
Accumulated depreciation	(149,468)	(248,141)		
Premises and equipment, net	\$ 35,156	\$ 39,958		

Depreciation expense for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013 was \$14,678 and \$13,663, respectively.

#### **NOTE 5 - MEMBERS' SHARES AND SHARE EQUIVALENTS**

A summary of members' shares and savings accounts is as follows:

December 31,	2014	2013
Daily Shares	\$ 96,960,834	\$ 87,045,245
Share certificates	3,000,000	12,000,000
Paid-in-capital shares	37,145	37,145
MCS on notice	-	1,644,680
Non-perpetual capital (NCA)	500,000	500,000
	\$ 100,497,979	\$ 101,227,070

The \$3,000,000 in share certificates at December 31, 2014 are continuously callable and scheduled to mature on April 29, 2016 unless called earlier.

The aggregate amounts of members' share and savings accounts over \$100,000 were approximately \$81.6 million and \$86.0 million as of December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

#### NOTE 6 – BORROWED FUNDS

The Credit Union maintains a line of credit with the Federal Home Loan Bank of Dallas ("FHLB"). The Credit Union had outstanding balances of approximately \$27.0 million and \$21.0 million on this line of credit as of December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively. The Credit Union's availability under the line of credit was approximately \$7.4 million and \$35.2 million as of December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively. The line of credit is secured by a portion of the Credit Union's securities available for sale as deemed eligible by the FHLB and is renewable annually. The interest rate at December 31, 2014 and 2013 was approximately 0.09% and 0.15%, respectively.

#### **NOTE 7 - LEASE COMMITMENTS**

The Credit Union leases its main office facilities under an operating lease as follows:

	Term	Expiration	Approximate
Location	(Years)	Date	Annual Rent
Main Office	6	September 2018	\$ 50,881

Rent expense was approximately \$51,636 and \$55,649 for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

#### **NOTE 7 - LEASE COMMITMENTS (CONTINUED)**

The future minimum lease payments for each of the succeeding calendar years under the non-cancelable operating lease above with initial or remaining lease terms in excess of a year consisted of the following at December 31, 2014:

2018	39,283
2017 2018	52,377 39,283
2016	51,255
2015	\$ 50,881

#### **NOTE 8 - OFF-BALANCE SHEET ACTIVITIES**

The Credit Union is a party to conditional commitments to lend funds in the normal course of business to meet the financing needs of its members. These commitments represent financial instruments to extend credit which include lines of credit, credit cards, and home equity lines that involve, to varying degrees, elements of credit and interest rate risk in excess of amounts recognized in the financial statements.

The Credit Union's exposure to credit loss, in the event of non-performance by the other party to the financial instrument for commitments to extend credit, is represented by the contractual notional amount of these instruments. The Credit Union uses the same credit policies in making commitments as it does for on-balance sheet instruments.

The following financial instruments were outstanding whose contract amounts represent credit risk:

December 31,	2014	2013
Advised lines of credit - unused Standby letters of credit - unused	\$ 123,921,391 21,655	\$ 120,934,090 21,655
Total	\$ 123,943,046	\$ 120,955,745

Commitments to extend credit are agreements to lend to a member as long as there is no violation of any condition established in the contract. Commitments generally have fixed expiration dates or other termination clauses and may require payment of a fee. Since many of the commitments are expected to expire without being drawn upon, the total commitment amounts do not necessarily represent future cash requirements. The Credit Union evaluates each member's credit worthiness on a case-by-case basis. The amount of collateral obtained if deemed necessary by the Credit Union upon extension of credit is based on management's credit evaluation of the counterparty. Collateral generally consists of the total assets of the member.

#### **NOTE 8 - OFF-BALANCE SHEET ACTIVITIES (CONTINUED)**

Advised lines of credit are commitments for possible future extensions of credit to existing customers. These lines of credit are collateralized and usually do not contain a specified maturity date and may not be drawn upon to the total extent to which the Credit Union is committed.

Standby letters of credit are conditional commitments issued by the Credit Union to guarantee the performance of a member credit union to a third party. The credit risk involved in issuing standby letters of credit is essentially the same as that involved in extending loan facilities to members. Standby letters of credit reduce a member credit union's advised line of credit.

The Credit Union, as agent, entered into an Excess Balance Account (EBA) agreement with participating member credit unions and the Federal Reserve Bank, whereby the Federal Reserve Bank opened EBA accounts for the benefit of the participants at the request of the agent. As such, the balances in the EBA accounts are not reflected in the Credit Union's financial statements. These balances totaled approximately \$7,700,000 and \$26,000,000 as of December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively. The aggregate balance in the EBA represents a deposit liability of the Federal Reserve Bank solely to the participants. The Credit Union, as agent, is responsible for calculating and distributing the interest payable to each participant on the participant's excess balance.

#### **NOTE 9 - LEGAL CONTINGENCIES**

The Credit Union is a party to various legal actions normally associated with financial institutions, the aggregate effect of which, in management's and legal counsel's opinion, would not be material to the Credit Union's financial condition.

#### **NOTE 10 - REGULATORY CAPITAL**

The Credit Union is subject to various regulatory capital requirements administered by the NCUA. Failure to meet minimum capital requirements can initiate certain mandatory and possibly additional discretionary actions by regulators that, if undertaken, could have a direct material effect on the Credit Union's consolidated financial statements. Failure to meet minimum capital requirements would require the Credit Union to submit a plan of action to correct the shortfall. Additionally, NCUA could require an increase in capital to specific levels, reduction of interest, and ceasing or limiting the Credit Union's ability to accept deposits.

New regulations for corporate credit unions that became effective in October 2011 required corporate credit unions to build retained earnings by October 2013 as well as established requirements to meet a leverage ratio (retained earnings, PCC, and unamortized non-perpetual capital divided by the 12-month average of daily net assets ("MDANA")), Tier 1 Risk-Based ratio (retained earnings and PCC adjusted for various items divided by the 12-month moving average of net risk weighted assets ("MMANRA")), and a Total Risk-Based Capital ratio (retained earnings and PCC divided by the 12-month moving average of net risk-weighted assets). The leverage ratio replaced the interim leverage ratio effective October 2013. The Credit Union was also required to meet a minimum 0.45% retained earnings ratio as of October 2013.

### **NOTE 10 - REGULATORY CAPITAL (CONTINUED)**

The Credit Union's actual and required ratios for December 31, 2014 and 2013 are as follows:

				Minimum To Be Adequately		Minimum To Be Well			
						d Under	Ca		d Under
					-	orrective		•	orrective
		Actua	<u>d</u>	<b>Action Provisions</b>			<b>Action Provisions</b>		
	Ar	nount	Ratio		nount	Ratio	Am	ount	Ratio
	(Dollars in thousands)								
December 31, 2014									
Leverage	\$	7,646	6.02%	\$	5,083	4.00%	\$	6,354	5.00%
Tier 1 risk -based capital (Tier 1 core capital to									
MMANRA)	\$	7,646	30.11%	\$	1,016	4.00%	\$	1,524	6.00%
Total risk-based capital									
(Total capital to		7.000	20.05%		2 024	0.000/		2 520	40.000/
MMANRA) Retained earnings	\$	7,860	30.95%	\$	2,031	8.00%	\$	2,539	10.00%
(Retained earnings to									
MDANA)	\$	1,128	0.89%	\$	572	0.45%		N/A	N/A
December 31, 2013									
Leverage	\$	7,700	5.65%	ς	5,450	4.00%	ς	6,813	5.00%
Tier 1 risk -based capital	Y	7,700	3.0370	Y	3,430	4.0070	Y	0,013	3.0070
(Tier 1 core capital to									
MMANRA)	\$	7,700	30.32%	\$	1,016	4.00%	\$	1,524	6.00%
Total risk-based capital									
(Total capital to	<b>د</b>	0.020	24 660/	۲	2 024	0.000/	۲.	2 520	10.000/
MMANRA) Retained earnings	\$	8,039	31.66%	\$	2,031	8.00%	\$	2,539	10.00%
(Retained earnings to									
MDANA)	\$	1,072	0.79%	\$	613	0.45%		N/A	N/A

As of December 31, 2014 and 2013, the Credit Union met all capital requirements under Section 704.3 of the NCUA Regulations.

#### **NOTE 11 - PENSION PLANS**

#### **Defined Contribution Retirement Plans**

The Credit Union sponsors a defined contribution 401(k) pension plan for all eligible employees. All full-time employees with one year of service are eligible, and vesting is graduated over six years. The Credit Union makes matching contributions equal to 100% of the participants first 3% of salary contributed. The Credit Union may also make discretionary contributions at the direction of management. During the years December 31, 2014 and 2013, the amount contributed by the Credit Union and charged to expense was \$18,413 and \$30,394, respectively.

#### **NOTE 12 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

In the normal course of business, the Credit Union made loans to member credit unions with common directors and principal officers. These loans are made on the same terms, including interest rate and collateral, as those prevailing at the time for similar loans with other members. There were no such loans outstanding at December 31, 2014 and 2013. Deposits from related parties at December 31, 2014 and 2013 amounted to \$49,534,230 and \$20,330,709, respectively.

#### **NOTE 13 - FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS**

FASB ASC 820, Fair Value Measurements, provides a framework for measuring fair value that requires an entity to determine fair value based on exit price in the principal market for the asset or liability being measured. Fair value is defined as the exchange price that would be received on the measurement date to sell an asset or the price paid to transfer a liability in the principal or most advantageous market available to the entity in an orderly transaction between market participants. The guidance also establishes a three level fair value hierarchy that describes the inputs that are used to measure assets and liabilities.

- Level 1 asset and liability fair values are based on quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities.
- Level 2 asset and liability fair values are based on observable inputs that include: quoted market prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted market prices that are not in an active market; or other inputs that are observable in the market and can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities.
- Level 3 assets and liabilities are financial instruments whose value is calculated by the use of pricing models and/or discounted cash flow methodologies, as well as financial instruments for which the determination of fair value requires significant management judgment or estimation.

#### **NOTE 13 - FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (CONTINUED)**

Securities Available for Sale: Where quoted prices are available in an active market, securities are classified within Level 1 of the valuation hierarchy. Level 1 securities include highly liquid government bonds, certain mortgage products and exchange-traded equities. If quoted market prices are not available, then fair values are estimated by using pricing models, quoted prices of securities with similar characteristics, or discounted cash flows. Examples of such instruments, which would generally be classified within Level 2 of the valuation hierarchy, include certain collateralized mortgage and debt obligations and certain high-yield debt securities. In certain cases where there is limited activity or less transparency around inputs to the valuation, securities are classified within Level 3 of the valuation hierarchy. Securities classified within Level 3 include certain residual interests in securitizations and other less liquid securities.

Fair Value of Assets and Liabilities Measured on a Recurring Basis

Fair values of assets and liabilities measured on a recurring basis are as follows:

	Fair Value Measurements at Reporting Date Using							
	Fair \	/alue	Pr A Mar Ide	uoted ices in ctive kets for entical ssets evel 1)	Ot Obse Inp	ficant her rvable outs rel 2)	Significa Unobserva Inputs (Level 3	able
-				(In Thou		- ,	,	<del>'</del> —
December 31, 2014				•	•			
Securities available for sale:								
U.S. agency securities	\$	65,316	\$	-	\$	65,316	\$	-
Mortgage backed securities		18,912		-		18,912		-
Corporate debt securities		13,742		-		13,742		-
Mutual funds		3,698		3,698		-		-
December 31, 2013								
Securities available for sale:								
U.S. agency securities	\$	71,242	\$	-	\$	71,242	\$	-
Mortgage backed securities		19,474		-		19,474		-
Corporate debt securities		17,516		-		17,516		-
Mutual funds		3,698		3,698		-		-

#### **NOTE 14 - FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS**

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair value of each class of financial instruments:

**Cash and Cash Equivalents**: The carrying amounts reported in the accompanying Statements of Financial Condition for cash and cash equivalents approximate those assets' fair values.

**Securities Available for Sale:** Fair values of available-for-sale securities are usually based on quoted market prices. If a quoted market price is not available, fair value is estimated using quoted market prices for similar securities.

**Loans to Members:** The fair value of loans receivable is determined by discounting the expected cash flows to a present value. The expected cash flows are generated from month-end balances, rates and account characteristics. The discount rates used to calculate the present value are generated from an historical interest rate yield curve.

**Accrued Interest:** The carrying amounts of accrued interest approximate the fair values for the years ending December 31, 2014 and 2013.

**Members' Share Deposits:** The fair value of members' shares is determined by discounting the expected cash flows to a present value. The expected cash flows are generated from month-end balances, rates and account characteristics. The discount rates used to calculate the present value are generated from an historical interest rate yield curve.

*Line of credit*: The carrying amounts reported in the accompanying Statements of Financial Condition for current liabilities approximate those liabilities' fair values.

**Off-Balance Sheet Commitments**: Fair value of off-balance sheet commitments is equivalent to the total available credit limits granted to members through various line of credit agreements.

The Credit Union has no non-financial assets or non-financial liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis.

### NOTE 14 - FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

The estimated fair values and related carrying or notional amounts of the Credit Union's financial instruments are as follows (dollars in thousands):

	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	
December 31, 2014			
Financial assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 28,598	\$ 28,598	
Investments available for sale	101,669	101,669	
Loans to members	1,013	1,013	
Accrued interest receivable	81	81	
Financial liabilities:			
Members' shares and share equivalents:			
Daily shares	96,961	96,960	
Certificates	3,000	3,000	
Capital shares on notice	37	37	
Non-perpetual capital	500	500	
Lines of credit	27,000	27,000	
Off-Balance-Sheet Credit Related Financial			
Instruments:			
Commitments to extend credit	-	123,943	
December 31, 2013			
Financial assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 12,639	\$ 12,639	
Investments available for sale	111,930	111,930	
Loans to members	941	941	
Accrued interest receivable	156	156	
Financial liabilities:			
Members' shares and share equivalents:			
Daily shares	87,045	87,045	
Certificates	12,000	11,997	
Paid-in capital shares	37	37	
Capital shares on notice	1,645	1,645	
Non-perpetual capital	500	500	
Lines of credit	21,000	21,000	
Off-Balance-Sheet Credit Related Financial	,	,	
Instruments:			
Commitments to extend credit	<del>-</del>	120,956	
		===,===	

The carrying amounts in the preceding table are included in the accompanying Statements of Financial Condition under the applicable captions.